



Second Quarter 2009 Results

July 30, 2009

Explanatory Note

This presentation contains, and management may make, certain “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, may be forward-looking statements. Specifically, earnings guidance, statements about our share repurchase plans, (which repurchase plans depend on a variety of factors, including our financial position, earnings, capital requirements of our operating subsidiaries, legal requirements, regulatory constraints and other factors), statements about the potential impact of the recent disruption in the investment markets and other economic conditions on our investment portfolio and underwriting results are forward looking, and we may make forward-looking statements about: our results of operations (including, among others, premium volume, net and operating income, investment income, return on equity, expected current returns and combined ratio) and financial condition (including, among others, invested assets and liquidity); the sufficiency of our asbestos and other reserves (including, among others, asbestos claim payment patterns); the cost and availability of reinsurance coverage; catastrophe losses; investment performance; investment, economic and underwriting market conditions; and strategic initiatives. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond our control, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied or projected by, the forward-looking information and statements.

Some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ include, but are not limited to, the following: catastrophe losses could materially and adversely affect our business; financial disruption or a prolonged economic downturn may materially and adversely affect our business; our investment portfolio may suffer reduced returns or material losses; we may not be able to collect all amounts due to us from reinsurers, and reinsurance coverage may not be available to us in the future at commercially reasonable rates or at all; we are exposed to credit risk in certain of our business operations; if actual claims exceed our loss reserves, or if changes in the estimated level of loss reserves are necessary, our financial results could be materially and adversely affected; our business could be harmed because of our potential exposure to asbestos and environmental claims and related litigation; we are exposed to, and may face adverse developments involving, mass tort claims such as those relating to exposure to potentially harmful products or substances; the effects of emerging claim and coverage issues on our business are uncertain; the intense competition that we face could harm our ability to maintain or increase our business volumes and our profitability; the insurance industry and we are the subject of a number of investigations by state and federal authorities in the United States, and we cannot predict the outcome of these investigations or the impact on our business practices or financial results; our businesses are heavily regulated, and changes in regulation may reduce our profitability and limit our growth; a downgrade in our claims-paying and financial strength ratings could adversely impact our business volumes, adversely impact our ability to access the capital markets and increase our borrowing costs; the inability of our insurance subsidiaries to pay dividends to our holding company in sufficient amounts would harm our ability to meet our obligations and to pay future shareholder dividends; disruptions to our relationships with our independent agents and brokers could adversely affect us; loss of or significant restriction on the use of credit scoring in the pricing and underwriting of Personal Insurance products could reduce our future profitability; we are subject to a number of risks associated with our business outside the United States; we could be adversely affected if our controls to ensure compliance with guidelines, policies and legal and regulatory standards are not effective; our business success and profitability depend, in part, on effective information technology systems and on continuing to develop and implement improvements in technology; some strategic initiatives, including our direct to consumer initiatives in Personal Insurance, are long-term in nature and may negatively impact our loss and loss adjustment expense ratios and underwriting expense ratios as we invest, and these initiatives may not be successful; if we experience difficulties with technology, data security and/or outsourcing relationships, our ability to conduct our business could be negatively impacted; and acquisitions and integration of acquired businesses may result in operating difficulties and other unintended consequences.

For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see the information under the caption “Risk Factors” in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K and our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the second quarter ended June 30, 2009 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation or as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update forward-looking statements.

In this presentation, we may refer to some non-GAAP financial measures, including, among others, operating income, operating income per diluted share, operating income excluding catastrophes, operating return on equity, underwriting gain (loss), GAAP combined ratio excluding catastrophes and prior year development and adjusted and tangible book value per common share. For a reconciliation of these measures to the most comparable GAAP measures and a glossary of financial measures, we refer you to the press release and financial supplement that we have made available in connection with this presentation which is available on the Travelers website under the investor section (www.travelers.com).

Long-term Financial Strategy



Create Shareholder Value
Objective: Mid-Teens ROE Over Time

Second Quarter 2009 Highlights

- Operating income of \$732 million, or \$1.25 per diluted share
 - Consolidated GAAP combined ratio of 93.2%
 - Net favorable prior year reserve development of \$170 million after-tax (\$261 million pre-tax)
 - Catastrophes of \$130 million after-tax (\$200 million pre-tax)
- Return on equity and operating return on equity of 11.1% and 11.3%, respectively
- Net written premiums of \$5.605 billion, compared to \$5.629 billion in the prior year quarter

Second Quarter 2009 Highlights

- Book value per share of \$47.29 and adjusted book value (which excludes FAS 115) per share of \$45.76
 - Increased 5% and 4%, respectively, from March 31, 2009 after repurchasing 18.5 million common shares under the company's share repurchase authorization for a total cost of \$750 million and paying common stock dividends of \$172 million
 - Increased 9% and 5%, respectively, from June 30, 2008 after repurchasing 27.4 million common shares under the company's share repurchase authorization for a total cost of \$1.122 billion and paying common stock dividends of \$703 million
- All financial strength indicators at or better than target levels
 - Debt to capital ratio of 20.0% (excluding FAS 115)
 - Holding company liquidity of \$3.337 billion

Illustrative Road Map to Mid-Teens ROE

Current quarter operating ROE		11.3%
Effect of:		
Eliminating excess cash at holding company		1.0%
Returning to a higher short-term yield of 2.5% after-tax	0.4%	
Returning to a higher yield of 7% after-tax on non-fixed income investment portfolio	1.5%	1.9%
Illustrative operating ROE		14.2%

Very Strong Financial Position

(\$ and shares in millions, except per share amounts)

	Jun. 30, 2009	Dec. 31, 2008
Debt	\$ 6,532	\$ 6,181
Preferred equity	83	89
Common equity ¹	25,972	25,374
Total capital ¹	\$ 32,587	\$ 31,644
Debt to capital ¹	20.0%	19.5%
Common shares outstanding	567.5	585.1
Book value per common share	\$ 47.29	\$ 43.12
Adjusted book value per common share ¹	\$ 45.76	\$ 43.37
Tangible book value per common share ¹	\$ 38.84	\$ 36.58
Statutory surplus	\$ 21,267	\$ 21,491
Holding company liquidity	\$ 3,337	\$ 2,146

¹ Excludes FAS 115

Capital

- At or above target levels for all rating agencies
- Continued to generate excess capital and repurchase shares
 - \$750 million of share repurchases in 2Q 2009

Leverage

- Debt to capital ratio of 20.0% is at target level
 - Successfully issued \$500 million public offering of 5.90% 10-year senior notes
 - Low level of maturing debt
 - 2009 \$ 2 million
 - 2010 \$273 million
 - 2011 \$ 11 million
- } Can self-fund all maturing debt

Liquidity

- Holding company liquidity was 3 times the company's target level

Very high credit quality investment portfolio

Unrealized Gross Investment Losses for Securities with Fair Value of Less Than 80% of Amortized Cost

(\$ in millions)

	<u>Less than 3 months</u>	<u>Greater than 3 months, Less than 6 months</u>	<u>Greater than 6 months, Less than 12 months</u>	<u>Greater than 12 months</u>	<u>Total</u>
At June 30, 2009					
Fixed maturities:					
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 8	\$ 26	\$ 166	\$ -	\$ 200
Other	13	36	104	6	159
Total fixed maturities	<u>21</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>270</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>359</u>
Equity securities	1	12	2	-	15
Total	<u>\$ 22</u>	<u>\$ 74</u>	<u>\$ 272</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 374</u>
% of total invested assets	- %	- %	- %	- %	1%
<hr/>					
At March 31, 2009					
Fixed maturities	\$ 225	\$ 305	\$ 95	\$ -	\$ 625
Equity securities	18	30	-	-	48
Total	<u>\$ 243</u>	<u>\$ 335</u>	<u>\$ 95</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 673</u>
% of total invested assets	- %	1%	- %	- %	1%

Note: The table summarizes, for all fixed maturities and equity securities available for sale and for equity securities reported at fair value for which fair value is less than 80% of amortized cost at June 30, 2009 and at March 31, 2009, the gross unrealized investment loss by length of time those securities have continuously been in an unrealized loss position of greater than 20% of amortized cost.

Consolidated Performance

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts, after-tax)

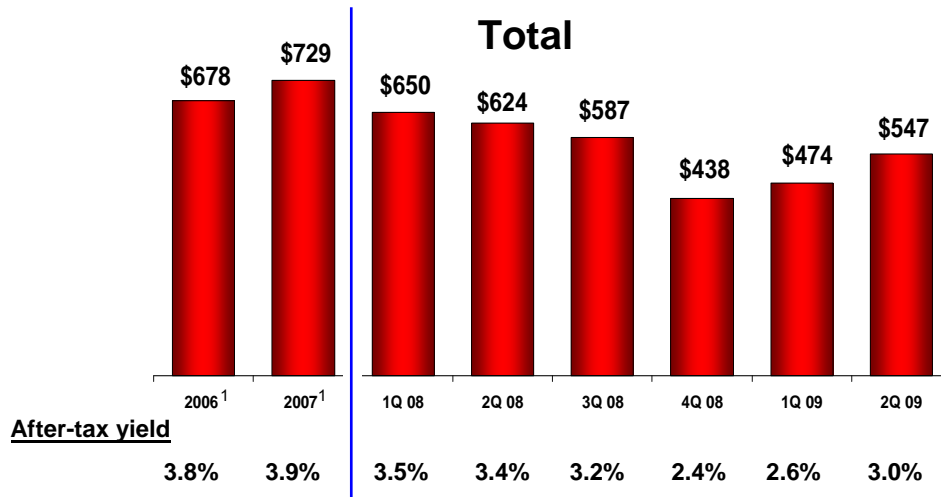
	Second Quarter			Year-to-Date		
	2009	2008	Change	2009	2008	Change
Operating income	\$ 732	\$ 918	(20) %	\$ 1,531	\$ 1,926	(21) %
per diluted share	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.50	(17) %	\$ 2.60	\$ 3.11	(16) %
Included the following items:						
Net favorable prior year reserve development	\$ 170	\$ 340		\$ 338	\$ 601	
Catastrophes, net of reinsurance	(130)	(231)		(184)	(293)	
Resolution of prior year tax matters	19	-		88	-	
Total Items	\$ 59	\$ 109		\$ 242	\$ 308	
Loss and loss adjustment ratio	61.4 %	57.0 %		60.5 %	56.3 %	
Underwriting expense ratio	31.8	32.3		31.4	32.2	
GAAP combined ratio ¹	93.2 %	89.3 %	(3.9) pts	91.9 %	88.5 %	(3.4) pts
<i>GAAP combined ratio excluding incremental impact of direct to consumer initiative</i>	<i>92.6 %</i>	<i>89.2 %</i>		<i>91.3 %</i>	<i>88.3 %</i>	
Net favorable prior year reserve development	4.9	9.8		4.9	8.6	
Catastrophes, net of reinsurance	(3.7)	(6.6)		(2.7)	(4.2)	
Adjusted GAAP combined ratio	94.4 %	92.5 %	(1.9) pts	94.1 %	92.9 %	(1.2) pts



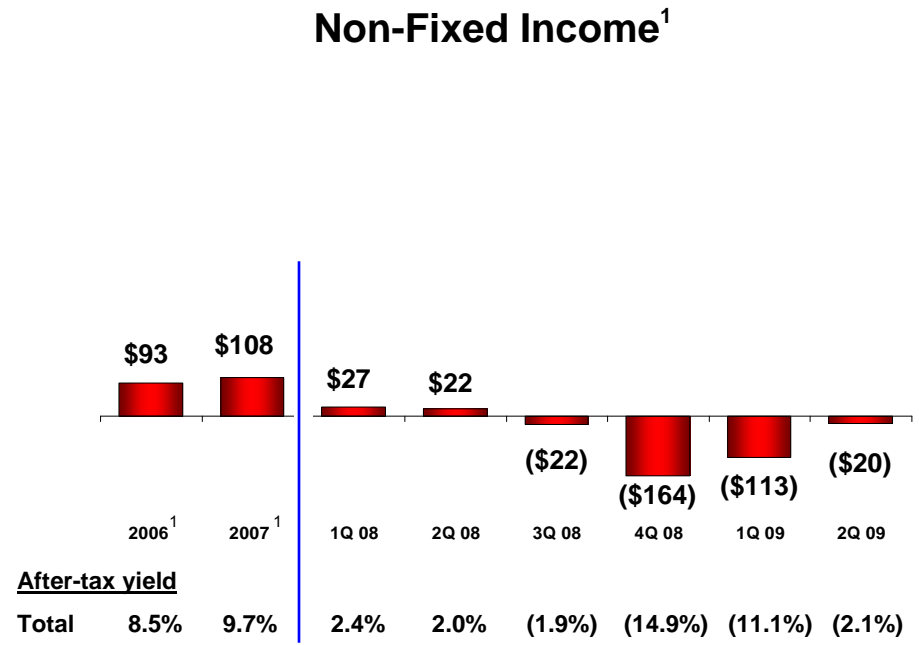
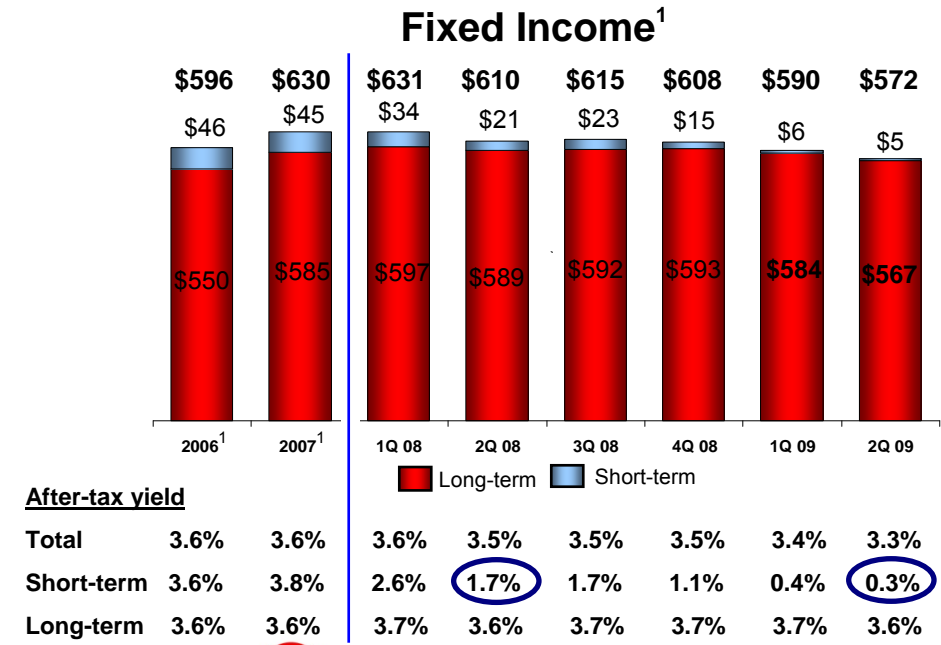
¹ A benefit to the reported GAAP combined ratio is indicated as a positive item, and a charge is indicated as a negative item.

Net Investment Income

(\$ in millions, after-tax)

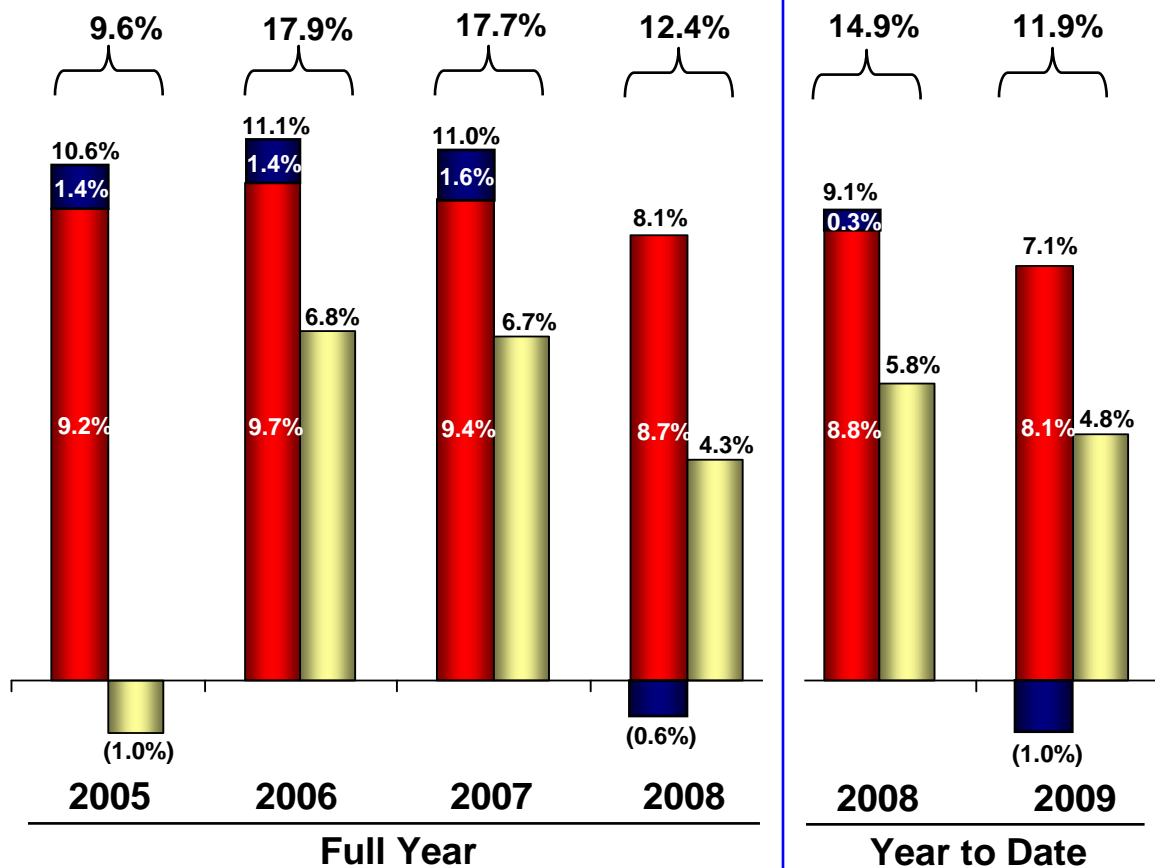


- Long-term fixed income portfolio continued to produce steady returns
- Short-term portion of fixed income portfolio impacted by very low interest rates
- Non-fixed income portfolio, (primarily private equity funds, real estate partnerships and hedge funds) produced a smaller loss than in recent quarters



¹ 2006 and 2007 data equals quarterly average
² Excludes investment expenses

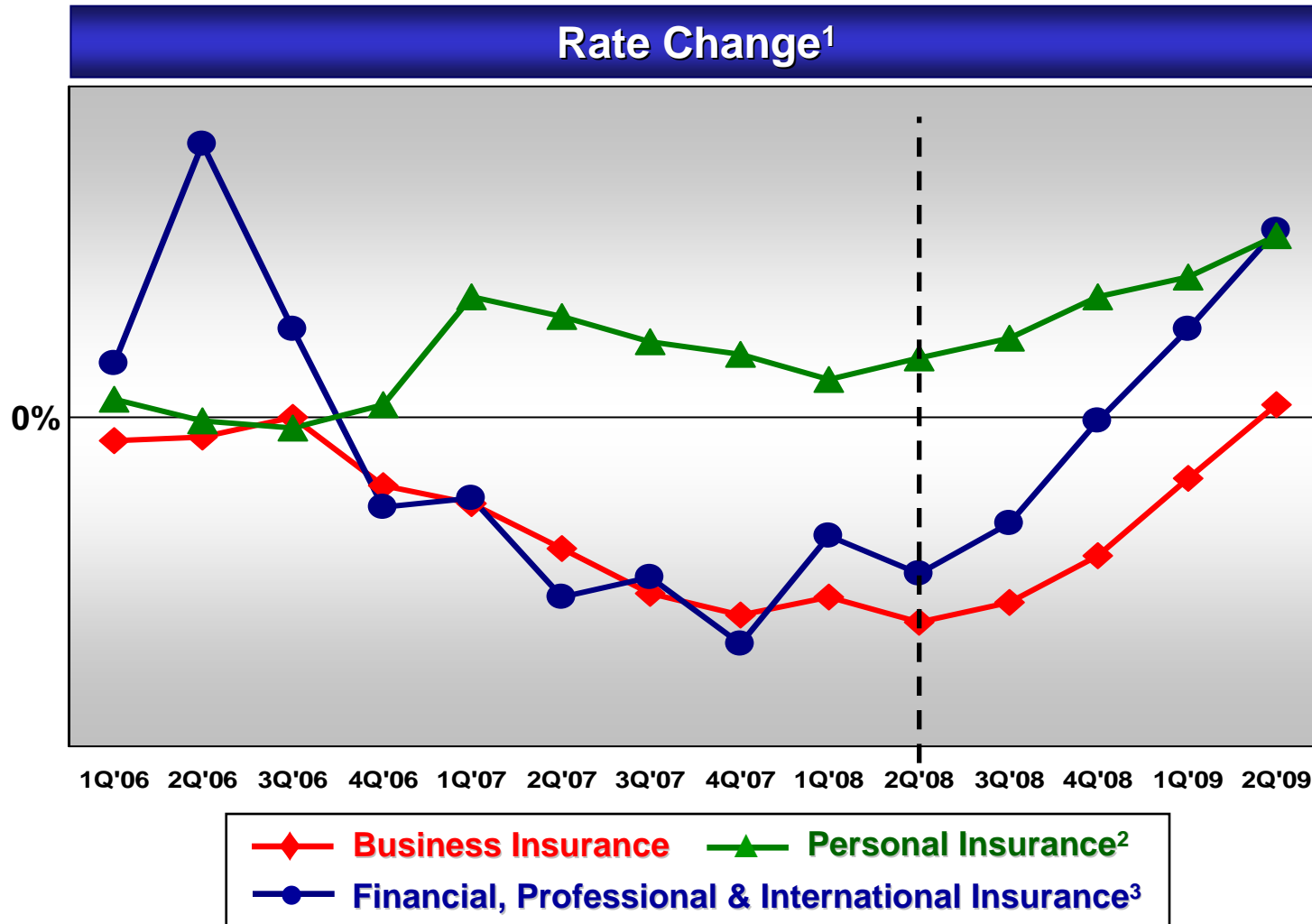
Components of Operating Return on Equity



■ Fixed investment portfolio investment income less holding company interest expense
■ Non-fixed investment portfolio investment income / (loss)
■ Underwriting gain / (loss) and other

- For the first six months of 2009, investment income from the fixed income portfolio, net of interest expense on holding company debt, contributed 8.1 points to the operating return on equity, down due to lower short-term interest rates
- For the first six months of 2009, underwriting income contributed 4.8 points to the operating return on equity, including catastrophe losses and net favorable prior year reserve development
- From January 1, 2005 through June 30, 2009, average annual operating return on equity of approximately 14.2%

Positive Rate Change in Each Business Segment



¹ Each percentage represents the estimated change in average premium on policies that renew, excluding exposure changes, versus the average premium on those same policies for their prior term.

² 2006 data excludes New Jersey and Massachusetts.

³ Excludes surety line of business as surety products are sold on a non-recurring, project specific basis.

Note: Statistics are subject to change based on a number of factors, including changes in actuarial estimates.

Business Insurance - Performance

(\$ in millions)

	Second Quarter			Year-to-Date		
	2009	2008	Change	2009	2008	Change
Operating income	\$ 560	\$ 658	(15) %	\$ 1,107	\$ 1,341	(17) %
Loss and loss adjustment ratio	57.6 %	54.7 %		57.7 %	54.5 %	
Underwriting expense ratio	32.2	32.4		31.7	32.4	
GAAP combined ratio ¹	89.8 %	87.1 %	(2.7) pts	89.4 %	86.9 %	(2.5) pts
Net favorable prior year reserve development	7.8	12.8		7.2	12.0	
Catastrophes, net of reinsurance	(2.1)	(6.6)		(1.3)	(4.4)	
Adjusted GAAP combined ratio	95.5 %	93.3 %	(2.2) pts	95.3 %	94.5 %	(0.8) pts
Net Written Premiums						
Select Accounts	\$ 732	\$ 724		\$ 1,463	\$ 1,432	
Commercial Accounts	564	550		1,274	1,223	
National Accounts	227	241		486	487	
Industry-Focused Underwriting	581	584		1,198	1,197	
Target Risk Underwriting	458	445		880	868	
Specialized Distribution	247	259		469	503	
Business Insurance Core	2,809	2,803	- %	5,770	5,710	1 %
Business Insurance Other	4	2		6	6	
Total Business Insurance	\$ 2,813	\$ 2,805	- %	\$ 5,776	\$ 5,716	1 %



¹ A benefit to the reported GAAP combined ratio is indicated as a positive item, and a charge is indicated as a negative item.

Business Insurance - Illustrative Business Statistics

Retention

	2008				2009	
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
Select Accounts	81%	80%	82%	81%	82%	80%
Commercial Accounts	86%	85%	86%	88%	88%	85%
Other Business Insurance ¹	82%	82%	83%	82%	82%	81%

**Retention
remains high**

Renewal Premium Change ²

	2008				2009	
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
Select Accounts	1%	1%	-%	(1%)	-%	1%
Commercial Accounts	(3%)	(4%)	(4%)	(4%)	(4%)	(3%)
Other Business Insurance ¹	(5%)	(7%)	(5%)	(5%)	(3%)	(3%)

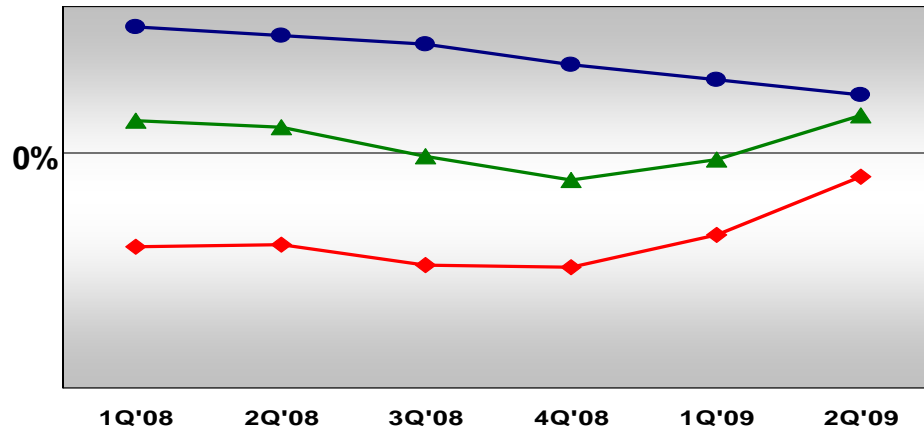
**Renewal
premium change
improved from
recent quarters**

¹ Includes Industry-Focused Underwriting, Target-Risk Underwriting and Specialized Distribution.

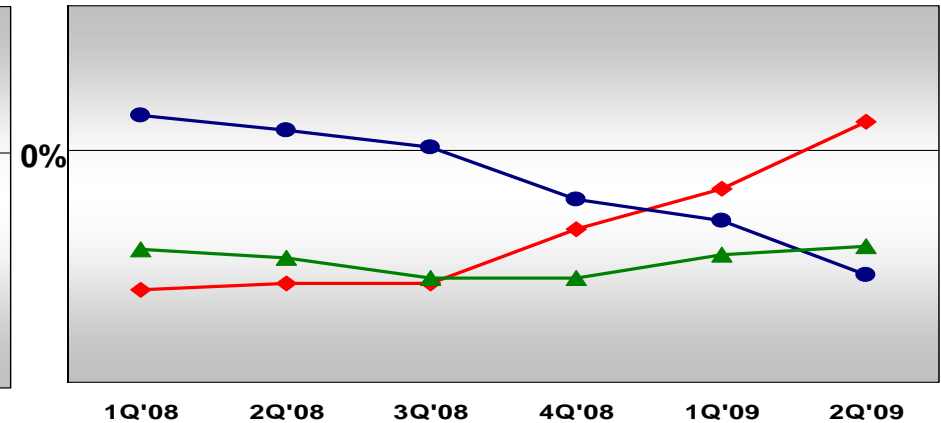
² Each percentage represents the estimated change in average premium on policies that renew, including rate and exposure changes, versus the average premium on those same policies for their prior term.

Renewal Premium Change: Rate Versus Exposure/Other

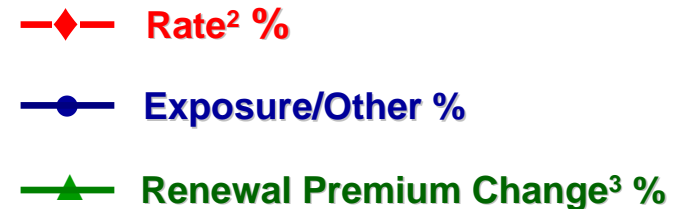
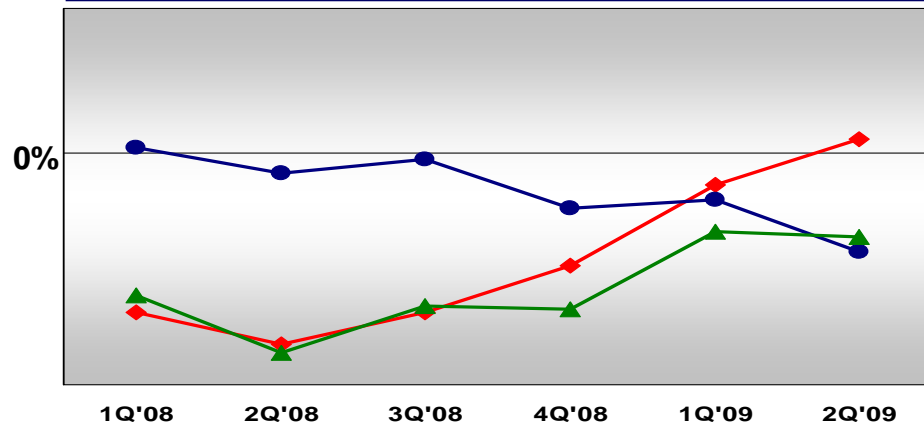
Select Accounts



Commercial Accounts



Other Business Insurance¹



¹ Includes Industry-Focused Underwriting, Target Risk Underwriting and Specialized Distribution.

² Each percentage represents the estimated change in average premium on policies that renew, excluding exposure changes, versus the average premium on those same policies for their prior term.

³ Each percentage represents the estimated change in average premium on policies that renew, including rate and exposure changes, versus the average premium on those same policies for their prior term.

Business Insurance - Illustrative Business Statistics

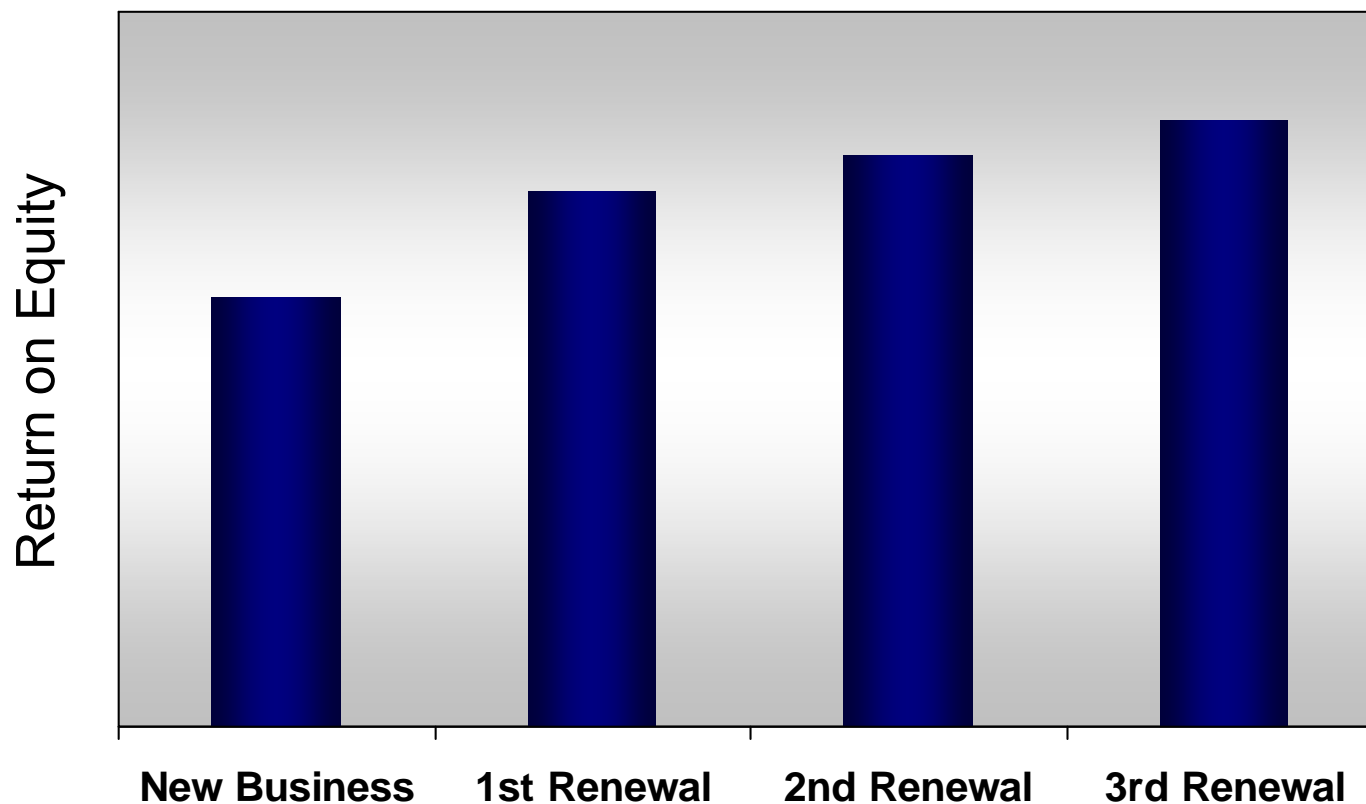
(\$ in millions)

New Business

	2008				2009	
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
Select Accounts	\$ 127	\$ 133	\$ 141	\$ 139	\$ 151	\$ 154
Commercial Accounts	142	116	115	118	137	147
Other Business Insurance ¹	304	292	281	237	280	310
Total	\$ 573	\$ 541	\$ 537	\$ 494	\$ 568	\$ 611
<i>Change from prior year quarter</i>	(6%)	(7%)	(6%)	(3%)	(1%)	13%

Significant improvement in new business results

Illustrative Product Profitability Life Cycle



Active management supported by leading analytics

Financial, Professional & International Insurance (FP&II) Performance

(\$ in millions)

	Second Quarter			Year-to-Date		
	2009	2008	Change	2009	2008	Change
Operating income	\$ 133	\$ 204	(35) %	\$ 281	\$ 412	(32) %
Loss and loss adjustment ratio	54.4 %	43.7 %		54.5 %	44.7 %	
Underwriting expense ratio	36.5	36.7		36.0	36.2	
GAAP combined ratio ¹	90.9 %	80.4 %	(10.5) pts	90.5 %	80.9 %	(9.6) pts
Net favorable prior year reserve development	1.4	15.5		1.5	11.5	
Catastrophes, net of reinsurance	(0.2)	(0.6)		(0.1)	(0.3)	
Adjusted GAAP combined ratio	92.1 %	95.3 %	3.2 pts	91.9 %	92.1 %	0.2 pts

Net Written Premiums ²

Bond & Financial Products	\$ 558	\$ 592		\$ 892	\$ 947	
International	356	393		585	682	
Total FP&II	\$ 914	\$ 985	(7) %	\$ 1,477	\$ 1,629	(9) %
Total FP&II - Adjusted for the impact of foreign exchange rates			(2) %			(4) %



¹ A benefit to the reported GAAP combined ratio is indicated as a positive item, and a charge is indicated as a negative item.

² In 2Q 2009, results from the surety bond operation in Canada were reclassified from the "Bond & Financial Products" market to the "International" market. All prior period amounts have been restated to reflect this reclassification.

Financial, Professional & International Insurance Illustrative Business Statistics

(\$ in millions)

	2008				2009	
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
Surety						
Gross written premium	\$284	\$298	\$316	\$234	\$234	\$255
Management Liability						
Retention	84%	84%	84%	85%	84%	83%
Renewal premium change ¹	-%	(2%)	(1%)	-%	2%	1%
New business	\$46	\$51	\$49	\$59	\$45	\$52
International ²						
Retention	82%	80%	79%	78%	79%	74%
Renewal premium change ¹	(6%)	-%	(1%)	6%	-%	4%
New business	\$74	\$121	\$70	\$84	\$67	\$83

¹ Each percentage represents the estimated change in average premium on policies that renew, including rate and exposure changes, versus the average premium on those same policies for their prior term.

² Excludes the surety line of business as surety products are sold on a non-recurring, project specific basis.



Note: Statistics are subject to change based on a number of factors, including changes in actuarial estimates.

2009 FDIC Bank Closures

Directors & Officers, Errors & Omissions and Fiduciary Liability Policies

(\$ in millions)	Travelers Exposures					
	FDIC Bank Closures ¹		Policies Exposed	Average Gross Limit Exposed	Policies	
	TOTAL FDIC	Travelers Insured			Publicly Traded	Privately Held
Community Banks ²	63	25	29	\$4	10	19
Regional Banks	1	1	3	\$7	3	0
Total	64	26*	32	\$4	13	19

- The 26 institutions represent 18 account relationships. On 13 of these 18 accounts, the company was able to reduce or mitigate risk through cancellation (subject to run-off provisions), limits reduction and/or restrictive endorsements, prior to the bank's closure
- Total net limits exposed to the 26 banks = approximately \$100 million
- Average exposed gross limit to the 26 banks = \$4 million
- 60% of the exposed policies are for privately held institutions; 40% are for publicly held institutions
- Loss estimates have been contemplated in the company's financial market disruption reserve analysis
- The company's current earnings guidance incorporates this analysis

¹ FDIC closures through July 29, 2009.

² Institutions with up to \$5 billion in assets.

* Eight institutions are affiliated with other failed institutions and share D&O policy limits.

Personal Insurance - Performance

(\$ in millions)

	Second Quarter			Year-to-Date		
	2009	2008	Change	2009	2008	Change
Operating income	\$ 88	\$ 122	(28) %	\$ 242	\$ 303	(20) %
Loss and loss adjustment ratio	70.5 %	67.3 %		67.6 %	65.1 %	
Underwriting expense ratio	29.1	30.0		28.8	29.7	
GAAP combined ratio ¹	99.6 %	97.3 %	(2.3) pts	96.4 %	94.8 %	(1.6) pts
<i>GAAP combined ratio excluding incremental impact of direct to consumer initiative</i>	97.7 %	96.7 %		94.7 %	94.4 %	
Net favorable prior year reserve development	1.9	2.2		2.8	1.8	
Catastrophes, net of reinsurance	(7.9)	(9.6)		(6.0)	(5.9)	
Adjusted GAAP combined ratio	93.6 %	89.9 %	(3.7) pts	93.2 %	90.7 %	(2.5) pts
<hr/>						
Net Written Premiums - Agency ²						
Automobile	\$ 914	\$ 933		\$ 1,831	\$ 1,855	
Homeowners & Other	952	906		1,701	1,617	
Total	\$ 1,866	\$ 1,839	1 %	\$ 3,532	\$ 3,472	2 %

¹ A benefit to the reported GAAP combined ratio is indicated as a positive item, and a charge is indicated as a negative item.

² Represents business sold through agents, brokers and other intermediaries, and excludes direct to consumer.

Personal Insurance - Performance

(\$ in millions)

	Second Quarter			Year-to-Date		
	2009	2008	Change	2009	2008	Change
Agency Automobile ¹						
Net Written Premium	\$ 914	\$ 933	(2) %	\$ 1,831	\$ 1,855	(1) %
Loss and loss adjustment ratio	69.7 %	69.3 %		71.4 %	70.3 %	
Underwriting expense ratio	26.7	27.8		26.8	27.6	
GAAP combined ratio	96.4 %	97.1 %	0.7 pts	98.2 %	97.9 %	(0.3) pts
Impact of catastrophes on combined ratio	1.0 %	1.5 %		0.9 %	0.8 %	
Agency Homeowners and Other ¹						
Net Written Premium	\$ 952	\$ 906	5 %	\$ 1,701	\$ 1,617	5 %
Loss and loss adjustment ratio	70.8 %	64.9 %		63.3 %	59.2 %	
Underwriting expense ratio	28.4	31.4		27.6	31.3	
GAAP combined ratio	99.2 %	96.3 %	(2.9) pts	90.9 %	90.5 %	(0.4) pts
Impact of catastrophes on combined ratio	15.3 %	18.8 %		11.5 %	11.8 %	



¹ Represents business sold through agents, brokers and other intermediaries, and excludes direct to consumer.

Personal Insurance – Illustrative Business Statistics

(\$ in millions)

	2008				2009	
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
Agency Automobile ¹						
Retention ^{2,3}	83%	83%	82%	82%	82%	81%
Renewal premium change ^{3,4}	1%	2%	3%	4%	3%	5%
PIF growth over prior year quarter	2%	2%	2%	1%	-%	(2%)
New business	\$184	\$192	\$191	\$173	\$166	\$152
Agency Homeowners and Other ¹						
Retention ²	86%	86%	86%	86%	86%	86%
Renewal premium change ⁴	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%	7%
PIF growth over prior year quarter	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
New business	\$96	\$125	\$128	\$107	\$99	\$123

¹ Represents business sold through agents, brokers and other intermediaries, and excludes direct to consumer.

² The ratio of expected number of renewal policies that will be retained throughout the annual policy period to the number of available renewal base policies.

³ Statistics for standard voluntary automobile.

⁴ Each percentage represents the estimated change in average premium on policies that renew, including rate and exposure changes, versus the average premium on those same policies for their prior term.

Note: Statistics are subject to change based on a number of factors, including changes in actuarial estimates.

2009 Annual Guidance

- Travelers expects that its full year 2009 operating income per diluted share will be in the range of \$4.80 to \$5.05, as compared to the previously announced range of \$4.55 to \$4.95
- This guidance includes the reported results for the first six months of 2009 and estimates for the remainder of 2009 based on a number of assumptions, including:

Assumptions

- Catastrophe losses of \$630 million pre-tax and \$410 million after-tax, or \$0.73 per diluted share for the full year
- No additional prior year reserve development, favorable or unfavorable
- No significant changes in private equity and hedge fund valuations due to an assumption of unchanged market conditions. Lower real estate partnership valuations due to a continuing downward trend in commercial real estate values
- No significant change in average invested assets (ex. FAS 115) after taking into account dividends and approximately \$3.0 billion of share repurchases for the full year
- Weighted average diluted share count of approximately 565 million



Appendix

2009-2010 Northeast Catastrophe Reinsurance

➤ Northeast Catastrophe Bond Program

- \$500 million or 65% of \$773 million excess of \$2.327 billion of index based losses
- Applicable for specifically covered direct losses from hurricane
- Covered area - New Jersey to Maine
- Index created by applying pre-determined percentages to insured industry losses in each covered state

➤ Northeast Catastrophe Treaty

- \$500 million excess of \$2.250 billion of ultimate net losses
- Applicable for specifically covered direct losses from hurricane, earthquake and winter storm/freeze
- Covered area – Virginia to Maine
- Losses from a covered event, occurring over several days anywhere in the United States, Canada, Caribbean and Mexico may be used to satisfy the retention
- Recoveries from Catastrophe Bond Program, if any, first applied to reduce losses subject to Northeast Catastrophe Treaty

➤ Application and interaction of Northeast reinsurance coverages will vary depending on specifics of reinsured event

Disclosure

- **For further information, please see Travelers reports filed with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which are available at the SEC’s website (www.sec.gov)**
- **Copies of this presentation and related financial supplement are publicly available on the Travelers website (www.travelers.com)**
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